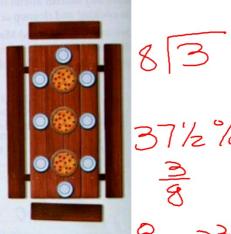


The camp dining room has two kinds of tables. A large table seats ten people. A small table seats eight people. On pizza night, the students serving dinner put four pizzas on each large table and three pizzas on each small table.





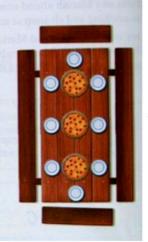
People topze 4 = 21/2 people A. Suppose the pizzas are shared equally by everyone at the table. Does a person sitting at a small table get the same

amount as a person sitting at a large table? Explain your reasoning.

**B.** Which table relates to  $\frac{3}{8}$ ? What do the 3 and the 8 mean? Is  $\frac{3}{8}$  a part-to-whole comparison or a part-to-part comparison?

The camp dining room has two kinds of tables. A large table seats ten people. A small table seats eight people. On pizza night, the students serving dinner put four pizzas on each large table and three pizzas on each small table.





3/8

78

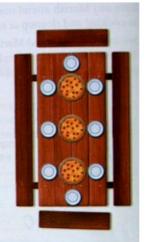
C. Selena thinks she can decide at which table a person gets the most pizza. She uses the following reasoning:

$$10-4=6$$
 and  $8-3=5$  so the large table is better.

- 1. What does the 6 mean and what does the 5 mean in Selena's method of reasoning?
- 2. Do you agree or disagree with Selena's method?
- 3. Suppose you put nine pizzas on the large table. What answer does Selena's method give? Does this answer make sense?
- 4. What can you now say about Selena's method?

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D. 1. The ratio of large tables to small tables in the dining room is 8 to 5. There are exactly enough seats for the 240 campers. How many tables of each kind are there?

- 2. What fraction of the campers sit at small tables?
- 3. What percent of the campers sit at large tables?

662/3%

Pg 25 #4,5,8,14